Mayo Abbey N.S. - Anti-Bullying Policy

- In accordance with the requirements of the Education (Welfare) Act 2000 and the code of behaviour guidelines issued by the NEWB, the Board of Management of Mayo Abbey N.S. has adopted the following anti-bullying policy within the framework of the school's overall code of behaviour. This policy fully complies with the requirements of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools which were published in September 2013.
- 2. The Board of Management recognises the very serious nature of bullying and the negative impact that it can have on the lives of pupils and is therefore fully committed to the following **key principles of best practice** in preventing and tackling bullying behaviour:

(a) A positive school culture and climate which

- is welcoming of difference and diversity and is based on inclusivity;
- encourages pupils to disclose and discuss incidents of bullying behaviour in a non-threatening environment; and
- promotes respectful relationships across the school community;
 See Appendix 2: "Practical Tips for Building a School Culture and Climate"

The key elements of a positive school culture and climate include the following:

- The school acknowledges the right of each member of the school community to enjoy school in a secure environment.
- The school acknowledges the uniqueness of each individual and his/her worth as a human being.
- The school promotes positive habits of self-respect, self-discipline and responsibility among all its members.
- The school prohibits vulgar, offensive, sectarian or other aggressive behaviour or language by any of its members.
- > The school has a clear commitment to promoting equity in general and gender equity in particular in all aspects of it's functioning.
- The school has the capacity to change in response to pupils' needs.
- ➤ The school identifies aspects of curriculum through which positive and lasting influences can be exerted towards forming pupils' attitudes and values.
- The school takes particular care of "at risk" pupils and uses its monitoring systems to facilitate early intervention where necessary and it responds to the needs, fears or anxieties of individual members in a sensitive manner.
- The school recognises the need to work in partnership with and keep parents informed on procedures to improve relationships on a school-wide basis.
- The school recognises the role of parents in equipping the pupil with a range of life-skills.
- The school recognises the role of other community agencies in preventing and dealing with bullying.
- The school promotes habits of mutual respect, courtesy and an awareness of the interdependence of people in groups and communities.
- The school promotes qualities of social responsibility, tolerance and understanding among all its members both in school and out of school.
- > Staff members share a collegiate responsibility, under the direction of the Principal, to act in preventing bullying/aggressive behaviour by any member of the school community.

(b) Effective leadership

(c) A school-wide approach

(d) A shared understanding of what bullying is and its impact

(e) Implementation of education and prevention strategies (including awareness raising measures) that-

- build empathy, respect and resilience in pupils; and
- explicitly address the issues of cyber-bullying and identity-based bullying including in particular, homophobic and transphobic bullying;
- effective supervision and monitoring of pupils

(f) Effective supervision and monitoring of pupils

(g) Supports for staff

(h) Consistent recording, investigation and follow up of bullying behaviour (including use of established intervention strategies); and

- (i) On-going evaluation of the effectiveness of the anti-bullying policy.
 - 3. In accordance with the *Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools* bullying is defined as follows:

Bullying is unwanted negative behaviour, verbal, psychological or physical conducted, by an individual or group against another person (or persons) and which is repeated over time.

The following types of bullying behaviour are included in the definition of bullying:

- deliberate exclusion, malicious gossip and other forms of relational bullying,
- cyber-bullying and
- identity-based bullying such as homophobic bullying, racist bullying, bullying based on a person's membership of the Traveller community and bullying of those with disabilities or special educational needs.

Isolated or once-off incidents of intentional negative behaviour, including a once-off offensive or hurtful text message or other private messaging, do not fall within the definition of bullying and should be dealt with, as appropriate, in accordance with the school's code of behaviour.

However, in the context of this policy, placing a once-off offensive or hurtful public message, image or statement on a social network site or other public forum where that message, image or statement can be viewed and/or repeated by other people will be regarded as bullying behaviour.

Negative behaviour that does not meet this definition of bullying will be dealt with in accordance with the school's code of behaviour.

Additional information on different types of bullying is set out in Section 2 of the *Anti-Bullying Procedures* for Primary and Post-Primary Schools.

Examples of bullying behaviours (non exhaustive)

	Tarion Canadative)		
General behaviours	 Harassment based on any of the nine grounds in the 		
which apply to all	equality legislation e.g. sexual harassment, homophobic		
types of bullying	bullying, racist bullying etc.		
	 Physical aggression 		
	Damage to property		
	Name calling		
	Slagging		
	 The production, display or circulation of written words, 		
	pictures or other materials aimed at intimidating another		
	person		
	Offensive graffiti		
	Extortion		
	Intimidation		
	 Insulting or offensive gestures 		
	The "look"		
	Invasion of personal space		
	 A combination of any of the types listed. 		
Cyber	Denigration: Spreading rumors, lies or gossip to hurt a		
	person's reputation		
	 Harassment: Continually sending vicious, mean or 		
	disturbing messages to an individual		
	 Impersonation: Posting offensive or aggressive messages 		
	under another person's name		
	Flaming: Using inflammatory or vulgar words to provoke an		
	online fight		
	Trickery: Fooling someone into sharing personal		
	information which you then post online		
	Outing: Posting or sharing confidential or compromising		
	information or images		
	Exclusion: Purposefully excluding someone from an online		
	group		
	Cyber stalking: Ongoing harassment and denigration that		
	causes a person considerable fear for his/her safety		
	Silent telephone/mobile phone call		
	Abusive telephone/mobile phone calls		
	Abusive text messages		
	Abusive email		
	 Abusive communication on social networks e.g. 		
	Facebook/Ask.fm/ Twitter/You Tube or on games consoles		
	 Abusive website comments/Blogs/Pictures 		
	 Abusive posts on any form of communication technology 		
Identity Based Behaviou	ırs		

Including any of the nine discriminatory grounds mentioned in Equality Legislation (gender including transgender, civil status, family status, sexual orientation, religion, age, disability, race and membership of the Traveller community).

Homophobic and	 Spreading rumours about a person's sexual orientation 	
Transgender	 Taunting a person of a different sexual orientation 	
	 Name calling e.g. Gay, queer, lesbianused in a derogatory 	
	manner	
	 Physical intimidation or attacks 	
	 Threats 	

Race, nationality, ethnic background and membership of the Traveller community	 Discrimination, prejudice, comments or insults about colour, nationality, culture, social class, religious beliefs, ethnic or traveller background Exclusion on the basis of any of the above 		
Relational	This involves manipulating relationships as a means of bullying. Behaviours include:		
Sexual	 Unwelcome or inappropriate sexual comments or touching Harassment 		
Special Educational Needs, Disability	 Name calling Taunting others because of their disability or learning needs Taking advantage of some pupils' vulnerabilities and limited capacity to recognise and defend themselves against bullying Taking advantage of some pupils' vulnerabilities and limited capacity to understand social situations and social cues. Mimicking a person's disability Setting others up for ridicule 		

- 4. The relevant teacher(s) for investigating and dealing with bullying are as follows:
 - Principal
 - Deputy Principal
 - All teachers: Any teacher may act as a relevant teacher if circumstances warrant it.
- 5. The education and prevention strategies (including strategies specifically aimed at cyber-bullying, homophobic and transphobic bullying) that will be used by the school are as follows:

School-wide approach

- A school-wide approach to the fostering of respect for all members of the school community.
- The promotion of the value of diversity to address issues of prejudice and stereotyping, and highlight the unacceptability of bullying behaviour.
- The fostering and enhancing of the self-esteem of all our pupils through both curricular and extracurricular activities. Pupils will be provided with opportunities to develop a positive sense of self-worth through formal and informal interactions.
- Whole staff professional development on bullying to ensure that all staff develops an awareness of what bullying is, how it impacts on pupils' lives and the need to respond to it-prevention and intervention.
- An annual audit of professional development needs with a view to assessing staff requirements through internal staff knowledge/expertise and external sources

- Professional development with specific focus on the training of the relevant teacher(s)
- School wide awareness raising and training on all aspects of bullying, to include pupils, parent(s)/guardian(s) and the wider school community.
- Supervision and monitoring of classrooms, corridors, school grounds, school tours and extracurricular activities. Non-teaching and ancillary staff will be encouraged to be vigilant and report issues to relevant teachers. Supervision will also apply to monitoring student use of communication technology within the school.
- The school's anti-bullying policy is discussed with pupils and all parent(s)/guardian(s) are given a copy on enrolment and thereafter as is it updated, as part of the Code of Behaviour of the school.
- Encourage a culture of telling, with particular emphasis on the importance of bystanders. In that way pupils will gain confidence in 'telling'. This confidence factor is of vital importance. It should be made clear to all pupils that when they report incidents of bullying they are not considered to be telling tales but are behaving responsibly.
- Ensuring that pupils know who to tell and how to tell, e.g.:
 - Direct approach to teacher at an appropriate time, for example after class.
 - Hand note up with homework.
 - o Make a phone call to the school or to a trusted teacher in the school.
 - Get a parent(s)/guardian(s) or friend to tell on your behalf.
 - o Administer a confidential questionnaire once a term to all pupils.
 - Ensure bystanders understand the importance of telling if they witness or know that bullying is taking place.
- We have identified clear protocols to encourage parent(s)/guardian(s) to approach the school if they suspect that their child is being bullied.(Appendix 1 "Making a Complaint")
- The development of an Acceptable Use Policy in the school to include the necessary steps to ensure that the access to technology within the school is strictly monitored, as is the pupils' use of mobile phones.
- The following supports are available and accessed by the school:
 - National Educational Psychological Service (NEPS)
 - Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service (CAMHS)
 - CÚRAM Family Support
 - Mayo Education Centre

Implementation of curricula

- The full implementation of the SPHE curriculum and the RSE and Stay Safe Programmes.
- Continuous Professional Development for staff in delivering these programmes.
- School wide delivery of lessons on bullying from evidence based programmes, e.g. Stay Safe Programme, Walk Tall Programme.
- School wide delivery of lessons on Relational aggression, Cyber Bullying, Homophobic and Transphobic Bullying, Diversity and Interculturalism. The following SPHE curriculum resources are available to deliver school wide lessons on the above:

Walk Tall Programme
Stay Safe Programme
Relationships and Sexuality Education Programme
Alive O Programme
Be Safe Programme
Zippy's Friends
Circle Time
RSE programme (5th and 6th Classes)

 The school will specifically consider the additional needs of SEN pupils with regard to programme implementation and the development of skills and strategies to enable all pupils to respond appropriately.

Links to other policies

The following policies, practices and activities that are particularly relevant to bullying: Code of Behaviour, Child Protection policy, Supervision of pupils, Acceptable Use policy, Health and Safety Policy.

6. The school's procedures for investigation, follow-up and recording of bullying behaviour and the established intervention strategies used by the school for dealing with cases of bullying behaviour are as follows

Procedures for Investigating and Dealing with Bullying

The primary aim in investigating and dealing with bullying is to resolve any issues and to restore, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved (rather than to apportion blame);

The school's procedures must be consistent with the following approach.

Every effort will be made to ensure that all involved (including pupils, parent(s)/guardian(s)) understand this approach from the outset.

Reporting bullying behaviour

- Any pupil or parent(s)/guardian(s) may bring a bullying incident to any teacher in the school.
- All reports, including anonymous reports of bullying, will be investigated and dealt with by the relevant teacher.
- Teaching and non-teaching staff such as secretaries, special needs assistants (SNAs), bus escorts, caretakers, cleaners must report any incidents of bullying behaviour witnessed by them, or mentioned to them, to the relevant teacher;

Investigating and dealing with incidents: Style of approach

- In investigating and dealing with bullying, the (relevant)teacher will exercise his/her professional
 judgement to determine whether bullying has occurred and how best the situation might be
 resolved;
- Parent(s)/guardian(s) and pupils are required to co-operate with any investigation and assist the school in resolving any issues and restoring, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved as quickly as possible;
- Teachers should take a calm, unemotional problem-solving approach.
- Where possible incidents should be investigated outside the classroom situation to ensure the privacy of all involved;
- All interviews should be conducted with sensitivity and with due regard to the rights of all pupils concerned. Pupils who are not directly involved can also provide very useful information in this way;
- When analysing incidents of bullying behaviour, the relevant teacher should seek answers to questions of what, where, when, who and why. This should be done in a calm manner, setting an example in dealing effectively with a conflict in a non-aggressive manner;
- If a group is involved, each member should be interviewed individually at first. Thereafter, all those involved should be met as a group. At the group meeting, each member should be asked for his/her account of what happened to ensure that everyone in the group is clear about each other's statements;

- Each member of a group should be supported through the possible pressures that may face them
 from the other members of the group after the interview by the teacher;
 It may also be appropriate or helpful to ask those involved to write down their account of the
 incident(s)
- In cases where it has been determined by the relevant teacher that bullying behaviour has occurred, the parent(s)/guardian(s) of the parties involved should be contacted at an early stage to inform them of the matter and explain the actions being taken (by reference to the school policy). The school should give parent(s)/guardian(s) an opportunity of discussing ways in which they can reinforce or support the actions being taken by the school and the supports provided to the pupils;
- Where the relevant teacher has determined that a pupil has been engaged in bullying behaviour, it should be made clear to him/her how he/she is in breach of the school's anti-bullying policy and efforts should be made to try to get him/her to see the situation from the perspective of the pupil being bullied;
- It must also be made clear to all involved (each set of pupils and parent(s)/guardian(s)) that in any situation where disciplinary sanctions are required, this is a private matter between the pupil being disciplined, his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) and the school;

Follow up and recording

- In determining whether a bullying case has been adequately and appropriately addressed the relevant teacher must, as part of his/her professional judgement, take the following factors into account:
 - Whether the bullying behaviour has ceased;
 - Whether any issues between the parties have been resolved as far as is practicable;
 - -Whether the relationships between the parties have been restored as far as is practicable;
 - -Any feedback received from the parties involved, their parent(s)/guardian(s) or the school Principal or Deputy Principal
- Follow-up meetings with the relevant parties involved should be arranged separately with a view to
 possibly bringing them together at a later date if the pupil who has been bullied is ready and
 agreeable.
- Where a parent(s)/guardian(s) is not satisfied that the school has dealt with a bullying case in accordance with these procedures, the parent(s)/guardian(s) must be referred, as appropriate, to the school's complaints procedures.
- In the event that a parent(s)/guardian(s) has exhausted the school's complaints procedures and is still not satisfied, the school must advise the parent(s)/guardian(s) of their right to make a complaint to the Ombudsman for Children.

Recording of bullying behaviour

It is imperative that all recording of bullying incidents must be done in an objective and factual manner.

The school's procedures for noting and reporting bullying behaviour are as follows:

Informal- pre-determination that bullying has occurred

- All staff must keep a written record of any incidents witnessed by them or notified to them. These
 will be recorded in an incident book which will be stored in the filing cabinet in the Staff Room. All
 incidents must be reported to the relevant teacher
- While all reports, including anonymous reports of bullying must be investigated and dealt with by the relevant teacher, the relevant teacher must keep a written record of the reports, the actions taken and any discussions with those involved regarding same
- The relevant teacher must inform the principal of all incidents being investigated.

Formal Stage 1-determination that bullying has occurred

- If it is established by the relevant teacher that bullying has occurred, the relevant teacher must keep appropriate written records which will assist his/her efforts to resolve the issues and restore, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved.
- These records will be kept in the filing cabinet in the Staff Room.

Formal Stage 2-Appendix 3 (From DES Procedures)

The relevant teacher must use the recording template at **Appendix 3** to record the bullying behaviour in the following circumstances:

- a) in cases where he/she considers that the bullying behaviour has not been adequately and appropriately addressed within 20 school days after he/she has determined that bullying behaviour occurred; and
- b) Where the school has decided as part of its anti-bullying policy that in certain circumstances bullying behaviour must be recorded and reported immediately to the Principal or Deputy Principal as applicable.

The following behaviours, in line with the Code of Behaviour should be recorded and reported immediately to the principal:

- Placing a negative, offensive or hurtful message, image, or statement on a social network site or other public forum where it can be viewed and/or repeated by other people
- Serious Physical Aggression
- Intimidation
- Inappropriate sexual comments or touching

When the recording template is used, it must be retained by the relevant teacher in question and a copy maintained by the principal. Records will be kept in a locked cabinet in the Staff Room and can be accessed only by Principal, Deputy Principal or members of staff authorised by them. Records will be retained for 7 years or until child reaches 21 years of age.

In advance of training for staff in developing intervention strategies the following established intervention strategies will be used:

- Teacher interviews with all pupils
- Negotiating agreements between pupils and following these up by monitoring progress. This can be on an informal basis or implemented through a more structured mediation process
- Working with parent(s)/guardian(s)s to support school interventions
- No Blame Approach
- Circle Time
- Restorative interviews
- Restorative conferencing
- Peer mediation where suitable training has been given

The Procedures mention the following intervention strategies and reference Ken Rigby; www.bullyingawarenessweek.org/pdf/BullyingPreventionStrategiesinSchools Ken Rigby.pdf

- The traditional disciplinary approach
- Strengthening the victim
- Mediation
- Restorative Practice
- The Support Group Method
- The Method of Shared Concern

- 7. The school's programme of support for working with pupils affected by bullying is as follows (See Section 6.8.16 of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools):
- All in-school supports and opportunities will be provided for the pupils affected by bullying to
 participate in activities designed to raise their self-esteem, to develop friendships and social skills
 and build resilience e.g.
 - Pastoral care system
 - Buddy / Peer mentoring system
 - Group work such as circle time
- If pupils require counselling of further supports the school will endeavour to liaise with the appropriate agencies to organise same. This may be for the pupil affected by bullying or involved in the bullying behaviour.
- Pupils should understand that there are no innocent bystanders and that all incidents of bullying behaviour must be reported to a teacher.

8. Supervision and Monitoring of Pupils

The Board of Management confirms that appropriate supervision and monitoring policies and practices are in place to both prevent and deal with bullying behaviour and to facilitate early intervention where possible.

In addition the following are in place:

- There are agreed appropriate monitoring and supervision practices in the school.
- · Bullying danger spots have been identified
- Support measures to counteract bullying behaviour such as Programmes mentioned in this policy.
- Senior pupils will be involved in the Buddy System as a resource to assist in counteracting bullying.
- The Acceptable Use Policy in our school addresses the following issues:
 - All Internet sessions are supervised by a teacher.
 - The school regularly monitor pupils' Internet usage.
 - Pupils been instructed to use only approved class accounts for email purposes and to use these only under teacher supervision.
 - Pupils been instructed to access only those chat rooms, discussion forums and messaging or other electronic communication for that have been approved by the school.
 - The Schools Broadband Programme has blocked all social networking sites on the basis that they waste time and take up too much of the bandwidth which is been provided for educational purposes only.

9. Prevention of Harassment

The Board of Management confirms that the school will, in accordance with its obligations under equality legislation, take all such steps that are reasonably practicable to prevent the sexual harassment of pupils or staff or the harassment of pupils or staff on any of the nine grounds specified i.e. gender including transgender, civil status, family status, sexual orientation, religion, age, disability, race and membership of the Traveller community.

. ,	hool personnel, published on the school website and of this policy will be made available to the Department
school year. Written notification that the school personnel, published on the school	reviewed by the Board of Management once in every review has been completed will be made available to website and provided to the Parents' Association. A see made available, if requested, to the patron and the
Signed:	Signed:
(Chairperson of Board of Management)	Signed:(Principal)
Date:	Date:
Date of next review:	

10. This policy was adopted by the Board of Management on ______].

MAKING A COMPLAINT

Our school wants all children to do well and be happy. We recognize that you as a parent/guardian play an important part in making this happen. Therefore, we aim to provide as many opportunities to keep you informed and involved in your child's progress as we possibly can. Regular reports and visits all help the process. Questions and concerns are usually dealt with quickly and helpfully.

However, we recognize there are times when things go wrong, when concerns continue and differences of opinion develop these can be resolved by speaking to the right person. Most concerns can be settled without too much trouble, but whatever the issue, even where you are seriously concerned about your child's future at the school, it is always important to try to find an answer. Disruption to a child's education would be the most damaging result of all.

1. What to do first

Take a few minutes to read this leaflet.

Then, think the complaint through.

2. What actually happened?

Remember there is often more than one view about an incident or situation. For example, your child may well be telling the truth but it may not be the whole story.

3. What do you want to complain about?

What do you hope will happen as a result of your complaint? It might help to talk this through with a friend or relative.

When you make a complaint, remember that although you want to change a situation, you want it to end on a positive note with no bad feelings. In order to do this you should try to follow the procedures carefully and always try not to put yourself or anyone else into a corner.

4. What to do next

When you are clear in your own mind as to what you believe has happened, you then need to speak to someone at school.

Contact the Principal to arrange such a meeting.

Although some schools can arrange to see parents who just "pop in", this is not generally possible. It is always best to try to make an appointment where you can sit and talk things trough calmly and without interruption. Investigation complaints does take time and the answers are not always readily available, but you will at least be able to decide whether the action taken (Or not taken) was reasonable and whether any further steps taken by the teacher would solve the problem.

5. If you are still unhappy

In most cases the problem will have been solved by this stage.

However, if you are still unhappy, than you should contact the Chairperson of the Board of Management. The school will tell you how to make contact with this person who may help to resolve the problem informally. Once again, you will have the opportunity to talk through your concerns with an independent party who is there to listen and to discuss what is being said.

If, after this, you are still not satisfied with the answer, then you should ask to make a formal complaint to the Board of Management.

6. Complaints to the Board of Management

As this is a serious step to take, it is important that you have thought things through carefully and that every possible attempt has been made to solve your concerns by other mean.

Once a formal complaint has been received, the Board of Management will follow its "Complaints Procedure" which will be outlined to you at that stage.

Four steps to resolving your concerns...

Ask yourself, "What really happened?"

Decide what you want to complain about

Make an appointment to see the appropriate person

If you are still not satisfied – write to the chairperson of the Board of Management.

Practical tips for building a positive school culture and climate

The following are some practical tips for immediate actions that can be taken to help build a positive school culture and climate and to help prevent and tackle bullying behaviour.

- Model respectful behaviour to all members of the school community at all times.
- Explicitly teach pupils what respectful language and respectful behaviour looks like, acts like, sounds like and feels like in class and around the school.
- Display key respect messages in classrooms, in assembly areas and around the school. Involve pupils in the development of these messages.
- Catch them being good notice and acknowledge desired respectful behaviour by providing positive attention.
- Consistently tackle the use of discriminatory and derogatory language in the school this includes homophobic and racist language and language that is belittling of pupils with a disability or SEN.
- Give constructive feedback to pupils when respectful behaviour and respectful language are absent.
- Have a system of encouragement and rewards to promote desired behaviour and compliance with the school rules and routines.
- Explicitly teach pupils about the appropriate use of social media.
- Positively encourage pupils to comply with the school rules on mobile phone and internet use.
- Follow up and follow through with pupils who ignore the rules.
- Actively involve parents and/or the Parents' Association in awareness raising campaigns around social media.
- Actively promote the right of every member of the school community to be safe and secure in school.
- Highlight and explicitly teach school rules in pupil friendly language in the classroom and in common areas.
- All staff can actively watch out for signs of bullying behaviour.
- Ensure there is adequate playground/school yard/outdoor supervision.
- School staff can get pupils to help them to identify bullying "hot spots" and "hot times" for bullying in the school.
 - Hot spots tend to be in the playground/school yard/outdoor areas, changing rooms, corridors and other areas of unstructured supervision.
 - Hot times again tend to be times where there is less structured supervision such as when pupils are in the playground/school yard or moving classrooms.
- Support the establishment and work of student councils.

to suit their own circumstances.

Template for recording bullying behaviour

Name				Cla	ass	
2. Name(s) ar	nd class(es) of pu	ıpil(s)	engag	ed in bullying be	haviour	
3. Source of b	ullying concern/	report			4. Location of inciden	its (tick
(tick relevant	box(es))*	•		_	relevant box(es))*	•
Pupil concern	ed				Playground	
Other Pupil					Classroom	
Parent					Corridor	
Teacher				╡ ⊨	Toilets	
Other				」	School Bus	
	erson(s) who rep			<u> </u>	Other	
6. Type of Bul	lying Behaviour	(tick re	levan	t box(es)) *		
Physical Aggre				r-bullying		
Damage to Pr			Intin	nidation		
Isolation/Exclusion			Malicious Gossip			
Name Calling			Other (specify)			
		ed as	identi	ty-based bullying	, indicate the relevan	nt category:
Homophobic	Disability/SEN	Racis	t	Membership of	Other (specify)	
	related			Traveller 		
				community		
9 Priof Dosor	intion of hullyin	a bobo	viour	and its impact		
8. Brief Descr	iption of bullying	g bena	viour	and its impact		
9. Details of	actions taken					
9. Details of	actions taken					
9. Details of	actions taken					
9. Details of	actions taken					
9. Details of	actions taken					
9. Details of	actions taken					

Appendix 4

Principal

Checklist for annual review of the anti-bullying policy and its implementation

The Board of Management (the Board) must undertake an annual review of the school's anti-bullying policy and its implementation. The following checklist must be used for this purpose. The checklist is an aid to conducting this review and is not intended as an exhaustive list. In order to complete the checklist, an examination and review involving both quantitative and qualitative analysis, as appropriate across the various elements of the implementation of the school's anti-bullying policy will be required.

Yes /No Has the Board formally adopted an anti-bullying policy that fully complies with the requirements of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools? Has the Board published the policy on the school website and provided a copy to the parents' association? Has the Board ensured that the policy has been made available to school staff (including new staff)? Is the Board satisfied that school staff are sufficiently familiar with the policy and procedures to enable them to effectively and consistently apply the policy and procedures in their day to day work? Has the Board ensured that the policy has been adequately communicated to all pupils? Has the policy documented the prevention and education strategies that the school applies? Have all of the prevention and education strategies been implemented? Has the effectiveness of the prevention and education strategies that have been implemented been examined? Is the Board satisfied that all teachers are recording and dealing with incidents in accordance with the policy? Has the Board received and minuted the periodic summary reports of the Principal? Has the Board discussed how well the school is handling all reports of bullying including those addressed at an early stage and not therefore included in the Principal's periodic report to the Board? Has the Board received any complaints from parents regarding the school's handling of bullying incidents? Have any parents withdrawn their child from the school citing dissatisfaction with the school's handling of a bullying situation? Have any Ombudsman for Children investigations into the school's handling of a bullying case been initiated or completed? Has the data available from cases reported to the Principal (by the bullying recording template) been analysed to identify any issues, trends or patterns in bullying behaviour? Has the Board identified any aspects of the school's policy and/or its implementation that require further improvement? Has the Board put in place an action plan to address any areas for improvement? Date Signed Chairperson, Board of Management Signed __

Notification regarding the Board of Management's annual review of the anti-bullying policy

To	0:					
Th	he Board of Management of	wishes to inform you that:				
0	The Board of Management's annual review of the completed at the Board meeting of	e school's anti-bullying policy and its implementation was [date].				
0	This review was conducted in accordance with the checklist set out in Appendix 4 of the Department's A Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools.					
	igned hairperson, Board of Management	Date				
	ignedrincipal	Date				